

Alcohol Use – Chronic Drinking

Definition: 2 or more drinks per day, averaging 60 or more drinks in past month for either males or females.

2000

	n	%	N	95% CI
Gender				
Male	70	6.9	988	4.8-9.3
Female	18	1.0	1,095	0.5-1.6
Race				
Native (any mention)	14	2.9	379	0.9-4.8
Non-Native	74	4.4	1,661	3.0-5.8
Total	88	4.2	2,040	3.0-5.4
Age				
18-24	13	5.6	200	1.5-9.9
25-34	23	6.7	413	3.1-10.4
35-44	26	3.7	572	1.7-5.8
45-54	13	2.9	482	0.8-5.1
55-64	7	2.1	213	0.2-4.1
65+	6	2.0	191	0.4-3.7
Education				
Some H.S.	4	2.0	164	0.0-4.5
H.S. Grad or GED	32	5.1	678	2.8-7.6
Some College or Tech School	30	5.0	619	2.4-7.6
College Grad	22	2.9	619	1.3-4.5
Income				
< \$15,000	9	3.6	170	0.6-6.8
15,000-24,999	7	2.5	312	0.3-4.7
25,000-49,999	31	4.9	646	2.6-7.3
50,000-74,999	19	4.0	371	1.4-6.5
> 75,000	16	4.1	406	1.4-6.8

Risk Factors

n = Number of respondents who report an average of 60 or more alcoholic drinks in the past month

% = This is a weighted (adjusted) percentage of the state population (adult) at risk in this demographic subgroup, based on the survey data.

N = Total number of respondents in this subgroup.

95% CI = 95% Confidence Interval; the range of values within which the true value of a prevalence estimate would be expected to fall within, 95% of the time.